PCB Relay

## G6E

## Subminiature, Sensitive SPDT Signal

## Switching Relay

■ High sensitivity: 98-mW pickup coil power.
■ Impulse withstand voltage meets FCC Part 68 requirements.

- Fully sealed construction.

■ Unique moving loop armature reduces relay size, magnetic interference, and contact bounce time.

- Single- and double-winding latching types also available.



## Ordering Information

| Contact form |  | Terminal | Single-side stable | Single-winding latching | Double-winding latching |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SPDT | Bifurcated <br> crossbar | Straight terminal | G6E-134P-US | G6EU-134P-US | G6EK-134P-US |
|  | Self-clinching termi- <br> nal | G6E-134C-US | G6EU-134C-US | G6EK-134C-US |  |

Note: When ordering, add the rated coil voltage to the model number. Example: G6E-134P-US 12 VDC

Rated coil voltage
Model Number Legend


1. Relay Function

None: Single-side stable
$\mathrm{U}: \quad$ Single-winding latching
K : Double-winding latching
2. Contact Form

1: SPDT
3. Contact Type

3: Bifurcated crossbar Ag (Au-Alloy) contact
9: Bifurcated crossbar AgNi (Au-Alloy) contact
4. Enclosure Ratings

4: Fully sealed
5. Terminals

P: Straight PCB
C: Curved tail
6. Special Function

L: Low sensitivity coil ( 400 mW )

## 7. Approved Standards

 US: UL, CSA certified8. Special Function

U: For ultrasonically cleanable
9. Rated Coil Voltage

3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48 VDC

## Specifications

## ■ Coil Ratings

## Single-side Stable, Bifurcated Crossbar Contact Type

| Rated voltage |  | 3 VDC | 5 VDC | 6 VDC | 9 VDC | 12 VDC | 24 VDC | 48 VDC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current |  | 66.7 mA | 40 mA | 33.3 mA | 22.2 mA | 16.7 mA | 8.3 mA | 8.3 mA |
| Coil resistance |  | $45 \Omega$ | $125 \Omega$ | $180 \Omega$ | $405 \Omega$ | $720 \Omega$ | 2,880 $\Omega$ | 5,760 $\Omega$ |
| Coil inductance <br> (H) (ref. value) | Armature OFF | 0.08 | 0.18 | 0.31 | 0.62 | 1.20 | 4.70 | 5.35 |
|  | Armature ON | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.24 | 0.50 | 0.99 | 3.90 | 5.12 |
| Must operate voltage |  | 70\% max. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Must release voltage |  | 10\% min. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. voltage |  | $190 \%$ of rated voltage at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $170 \%$ of rated voltage at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power consumption |  | Approx. 200 mW |  |  |  |  |  | Approx. 400 mW |

## Single-winding Latching, Bifurcated Crossbar Contact Type

| Rated voltage | 3 VDC | 5 VDC | 6 VDC | 9 VDC | 12 VDC | 24 VDC |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rated current | 66.7 mA | 40 mA | 33.3 mA | 22.2 mA | 16.7 mA | 8.3 mA |  |
| Coil resistance | $45 \Omega$ | $125 \Omega$ | $180 \Omega$ | $405 \Omega$ | $720 \Omega$ | $2,880 \Omega$ |  |
| Coil inductance <br> (H) (ref. value) | Armature OFF | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.45 | 0.84 | 3.56 |
|  | Armature ON | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.40 | 0.79 |  |
| Must set voltage | $70 \%$ max. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Must reset voltage | $70 \%$ max. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. voltage | $190 \%$ of rated voltage at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power consumption | Approx. 200 mW |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Double-winding Latching, Bifurcated Crossbar Contact Type

| Rated voltage |  |  | 3 VDC | 5 VDC | 6 VDC | 9 VDC | 12 VDC | 24 VDC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set coil | Rated current |  | 66.7 mA | 40 mA | 33.3 mA | 22.2 mA | 16.7 mA | 8.3 mA |
|  | Coil resistance |  | $45 \Omega$ | $125 \Omega$ | $180 \Omega$ | $405 \Omega$ | 720 ת | 2,880 $\Omega$ |
|  | Coil inductance <br> (H) (ref. value) | Armature OFF | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.25 | 0.44 | 1.66 |
|  |  | Armature ON | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.41 | 1.62 |
| Reset coil | Rated current |  | 66.7 mA | 40 mA | 33.3 mA | 22.2 mA | 16.7 mA | 8.3 mA |
|  | Coil resistance |  | $45 \Omega$ | $125 \Omega$ | $180 \Omega$ | $405 \Omega$ | $720 \Omega$ | 2,880 $\Omega$ |
|  | Coil inductance (H) (ref. value) | Armature OFF | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.25 | 0.44 | 1.66 |
|  |  | Armature ON | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.41 | 1.62 |
| Must set voltage |  |  | 70\% max. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Must reset voltage |  |  | 70\% max. of rated voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. voltage |  |  | 190\% of rated voltage at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power consumption |  |  | Set coil: Approx. 200 mW Reset coil: Approx. 200 mW |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with a tolerance of $\pm 10 \%$.
2. Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

## - Contact Ratings

| Load | Resistive load ( $\cos \phi=1$ ) | Inductive load (cos $\phi=0.4 ; \mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=7 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rated load | 0.4 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC} ; 2 \mathrm{~A}$ at 30 VDC | 0.2 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC} ; 1 \mathrm{~A}$ at 30 VDC |
| Contact material | Ag (Au-Alloy) |  |
| Rated carry current | 3 A |  |
| Max. switching voltage | $250 \mathrm{VAC}, 220 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 3 A |
| Max. switching current | 3 A | $25 \mathrm{VA}, 30 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Max. switching power | $50 \mathrm{VA}, 60 \mathrm{~W}$ |  |
| Failure rate (reference value) (See note.) | $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 10 mVDC |  |

Note: P level: $\lambda_{60}=0.1 \times 10^{-6} /$ operation
This value was measured at a switching frequency of 120 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ and the criterion of contact resistance is $50 \Omega$. This value may vary depending on the operating environment. Always double-check relay suitability under actual operating conditions.

## Characteristics

| Contact resistance (See note 1.) | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operate (set) time (See note 2.) | 5 ms max. (approx. 2.9 ms ; 48 VDC type: approx. 2.4 ms ) |
| Release (reset) time (See note 2.) | 5 ms max. (approx. 1.3 ms ) |
| Min. set/reset signal width | Latching type: 15 ms min . (at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Max. operating frequency | Mechanical: 36,000 operations/hr Electrical: 1,800 operations/hr (under rated load) |
| Insulation resistance (See note 3.) | 1,000 M 2 min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Dielectric withstand voltage | 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between coil and contacts 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between contacts of same polarity |
| Impulse withstand voltage | $1,500 \mathrm{~V}(10 \times 160 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ (conforms to FCC Part 68) |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2.5-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude ( $5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude) Malfunction: 10 to 55 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.65-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude (3.3-mm double amplitude) |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Endurance | Mechanical: 100,000,000 operations min. (at 36,000 operations/hr) Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (0.4 A at 125 VAC resistive load; 0.2 A at 125 VAC inductive load) <br> 500,000 operations min. (2 A at 30 VDC resistive load; <br> 1 A at 30 VDC inductive load) <br> 200,000 operations min. (3 A at 30 VDC resistive load) |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | 5\% to 85\% |
| Weight | Approx. 2.7 g |

Note: The values here are initial values.
Note: 1. The contact resistance was measured with 1 A at 5 VDC using a voltage-drop method.
2. Values in parentheses are actual values.
3. The insulation resistance was measured with a 500 -VDC megohmmeter applied to the same parts as those used for checking the dielectric strength.

## - Approved Standards

UL508 (File No. E41515)/CSA C22.2, No. 14 (File No. LR31928)

| Contact form | Coil ratings | Contact ratings |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SPDT | 3 to 48 VDC | $0.2 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ (general use) |
|  |  | $0.6 \mathrm{~A}, 125$ VAC (general use) |
|  |  | $2 \mathrm{~A}, 30$ VDC (resistive) |
|  |  | $0.6 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{VDC}$ (resistive, Ag contact only) |

## Engineering Data

## Maximum Switching Power

## Endurance

Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Coil Voltage




Note: The maximum coil voltage refers to the maxi-mum value in a varying range of operating power voltage, not a continuous voltage.

## Dimensions

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Orientation marks are indicated as follows:

G6E-134P-US
G6E-194P-US


G6E-134C-US
G6E-194C-US


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)


Mounting Holes (Bottom View)
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1$


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)


Mounting Holes (Bottom View)
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1$
G6EU-134C-US


Terminal Arrangement/
Internal Connections
(Bottom View)


Mounting Holes
(Bottom View)
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1$
G6EK-134C-US
G6EK-194C-US


## Precautions

Refer to page 25 for information on general precautions. Be sure to read these precautions before using the Relay.

## ■ Precautions for Correct Use

## Long-term Continuously ON Contacts

Using the Relay in a circuit where the Relay will be ON continuously for long periods (without switching) can lead to unstable contacts because the heat generated by the coil itself will affect the insulation, causing a film to develop on the contact surfaces. We recommend using a latching relay (magnetic-holding relay) in this kind of circuit. If a single-side stable model must be used in this kind of circuit, we recommend using a fail-safe circuit design that provides protection against contact failure or coil burnout.

## Installation

Do not reverse the polarity of the coil (+, -).
Provide sufficient space between Relays when mounting two or more on the same PCB, as shown in the following diagram.


## Wiring

Refer to the following diagram when wiring to switch a DC load. The difference in polarity applied to the contacts will affect the endurance of the Relay due to the amount of contact movement. To extend the endurance characteristics beyond the performance ratings, wire the common (pin 7) terminal to the positive (+) side.


Wiring Diagram
Ultrasonic Cleaning
Do not use ultrasonic cleaning on standard relay models. Doing so may result in resonance, coil burnout, and contact adhesion within the Relay. Use a model designed for ultrasonic cleaning if ultrasonic cleaning is required.

## Relay Handling

When washing the product after soldering the Relay to a PCB, use a water-based solvent or alcohol-based solvent, and keep the solvent temperature to less than $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Do not put the Relay in a cold cleaning bath immediately after soldering.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

